

Seventeenth of Tammuz

K G C T A B B A H S E B N L A D W P
M O E A T I N G O R D R I N K I N G
R L P J N N M X D T A I X B P P T L
Q D A E C T O R A H S C R O L L D R
R E C U S L S E C O N D T E M P L E
B N T I Z Y X D E T T I M R E P U N
U C N R F E M S Q A A N I M A L S E
J A L A M Z I X J E R U S A L E M W
I L R P M K Y W A D E N I B M O C A
L F T J N A L M E R C Y X G M Z R L
V E E N J S U O R T A L O D I L K P
D C A T A S T R O P H E S T O X M E

1. Jerusalem's walls were breached, prior to the destruction of the ___ in 70 CE.
2. Moses broke the tablets here.
3. The daily offerings in the First Temple were suspended after the Kohanim could no longer obtain ___.
4. An ___ image was placed in the Sanctuary of the Holy Temple - a brazen act of blasphemy and desecration.
5. Those whose health would be adversely affected are ___ from the fast.
6. Jerusalem fell on the Ninth of Tammuz before the destruction of the First Temple.
Jerusalem fell on the Seventeenth of Tammuz before the destruction of the Second Temple.
The sages decided on a ___ observance for both tragedies.
7. Five of these occurred in Jewish history on the 17th of Tammuz.
8. Moses broke the tablets in response to the sin of the ___.
9. This is not allowed on the 17th of Tammuz.
10. If the 17th of Tammuz falls on this day, fasting is delayed until Sunday.
11. "13 Attributes of ___" are read at both the morning and afternoon services.
12. The daily offerings in the First Temple were suspended during the siege of ___.
13. Bathing, anointing, and wearing leather shoes are ___ on the 17th of Tammuz.
14. Prior to the Great Revolt, a Roman general Apostamos burned a ___, which set a precedent for the burning of Jewish books throughout the centuries.
15. At the Mincha service, the Haftorah discusses the ___ of the Temple service.